

Table 36 shows the area, yield and value of sugar beets grown in Canada in the years 1911-1929.

36.—Area, Yield and Value of Sugar Beets in Canada and Production of Refined Beetroot Sugar, 1911-1929.

(Production contracted for by factories.)

Year.	Area Grown.	Yield per Acre.	Total Yield.	Average Price per Ton.	Total Value.	Production of Refined Beetroot Sugar.
	acres.	tons.	tons.	\$	\$	lb.
1911.....	20,677	8-50	175,000	6-59	1,154,000	21,329,689
1912.....	18,990	10-50	201,000	5-00	1,005,000	26,767,287
1913.....	17,000	8-75	148,000	6-12	906,000	26,149,216
1914.....	12,100	9-00	108,600	6-00	651,000	31,314,763
1915.....	18,000	7-75	141,000	5-50	775,500	39,515,802
1916.....	15,000	4-75	71,000	6-20	440,000	17,024,377
1917.....	14,000	8-40	117,600	6-75	793,800	23,376,850
1918.....	18,000	11-25	204,000	12-71	2,593,715	50,092,835
1919.....	18,800	9-50	180,000	14-61	2,630,027	37,839,271
1920.....	34,491	9-94	343,000	15-47	5,307,243	89,280,719
1921.....	25,535	7-80	199,334	9-90	1,974,384	52,862,377
1922.....	14,955	8-55	127,807	7-56	966,521	29,911,770
1923.....	17,941	8-87	159,200	12-08	1,922,688	39,423,169
1924.....	31,111	9-50	298,177	5-78	1,704,731	85,770,709
1925.....	34,803	10-63	370,947	7-27	2,688,302	72,819,919
1926.....	30,073	8-90	267,754	8-54	2,286,761	70,388,105
1927.....	25,961	7-96	206,713	9-73	2,012,134	60,969,131
1928.....	34,323	7-14	244,930	8-33	2,041,465	64,653,348
1929.....	32,556	7-23	235,465	8-84	2,080,996	69,399,213

At the estimated average wholesale price of 4-81c. per lb., the total value of the beetroot sugar produced in 1929 is \$3,335,344, as compared with 5-17c. per lb. and \$3,340,571 in 1928, 6-06c. per lb. and \$3,694,303 in 1927, 6-1c. per lb. and \$4,269,076 total value in 1926, and 7-1c. per lb. and \$5,206,624 total value in 1925.

The estimated production of sugar beets in the principal beet-sugar producing countries of the world was, in 1929, 66 million short tons from 7,355,660 acres. The production in 1929 of the largest beet-growing countries was, in thousands of short tons, as follows:—Germany, 12,256; Russia, 9,282; United States 7,691; Czechoslovakia, 6,861; France, 5,924; Poland, 5,492; Italy, 3,160; Netherlands, 2,277; Great Britain, 2,249; Hungary, 1,776; Belgium, 1,735; Roumania, 986; Denmark, 1,002.

Tobacco.¹—According to the census, the total area under tobacco in 1921 was 16,628 acres. Statistics for 1929 show an acreage of 43,138. The farm value of the crop, amounting to \$4,358,898 in 1924, \$7,002,400 in 1925 and \$7,379,480 in 1926 showed an increase to \$9,112,278 in 1927, a decrease to \$6,833,511 in 1928, a further decrease to \$6,276,133 in 1929 and to \$7,050,457 in 1930.

Table 37 summarizes the acreages, the average yields per acre and the total yields of tobacco in Canada, also for the provinces of Quebec and Ontario, for the census years 1900 and 1910 and continuously from 1920 to 1930. For the years 1911 and 1921 the census figures for the acreage alone are also given. In Quebec the estimated yield of 943 lb. per acre has been exceeded only once, *viz.*, in 1921 when it was 1,166 lb. per acre. In Ontario and in Canada as a whole the preliminary figures for 1930 exceeded those of 1929 by 9-8 p.c. and 7-8 p.c. respectively. Yields in 1929, except in Quebec, were very low and this, following on the low prices obtained for the crop in 1928, was discouraging to the industry. While yields have been substantially better in 1930, the prices except for the higher grade cigarette tobaccos have been downward compared with 1929, and this trend has been more pronounced in Quebec than in Ontario.

¹ For further details, see Monthly Bulletin of Agricultural Statistics for March, 1930, pp. 75-77.